Senate Bill 2012
Senate Appropriations
Senator Ray Holmberg, Chairman

Behavioral Health Division Pamela Sagness, Director







What is Behavioral Health?

A state of mental/emotional being and/or choices and actions that affect **WELLNESS**.



Depression is the leading cause of disability worldwide, and is a major contributor to the overall global burden of disease.

(World Health Organization, 2018)



Persons with behavioral health disorders die, on average, about 5 years earlier than persons without these disorders.

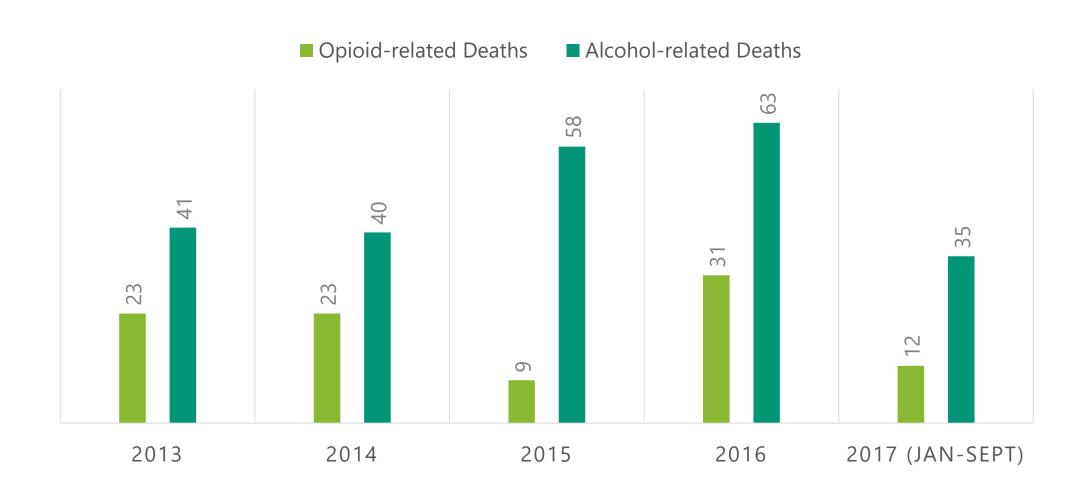


Persons with serious mental illness (SMI) are now dying 25 years earlier than the general population

Adults Age 18 and Older Past 30-Day Substance Use



Opioid and Alcohol Related Deaths (Cass County)



4% Serious mental illness

13% Other mental health condition

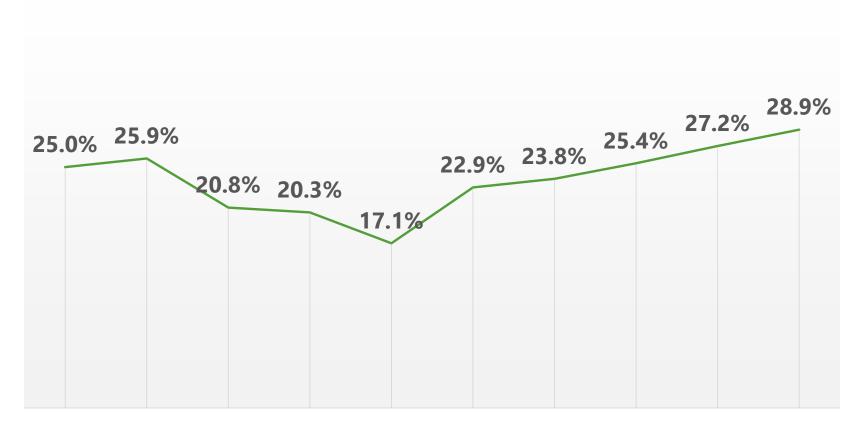
The estimated 83% of adults in North Dakota with no diagnosed mental health condition includes, among others, individuals with undiagnosed mental health challenges and individuals who could benefit from primary prevention and early intervention strategies.

83% No diagnosed mental health condition

North Dakota High School Students reported feeling sad or hopeless

(almost every day for 2 or more weeks in a row so that they stopped doing some usual activities during the last 12 months)

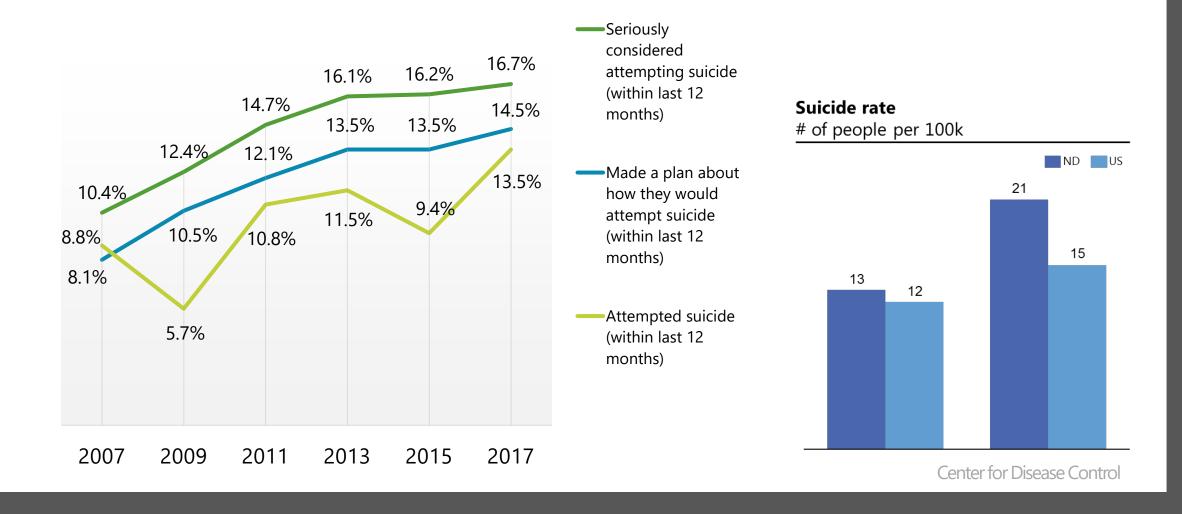
Youth Risk Behavior Survey



1999 2001 2003 2005 2007 2009 2011 2013 2015 2017

ND High School Students

Youth Risk Behavior Survey



SUICIDE AND MENTAL ILLNESS

Behavioral Health in North Dakota: Youth



ND Middle School Students



seriously thought about killing themself in their life.



tried to kill themselves at least once in their life. **ND High School Students**

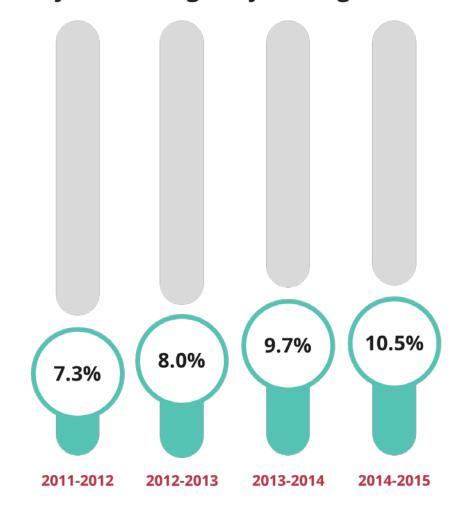


seriously considered attempting suicide in the past year.



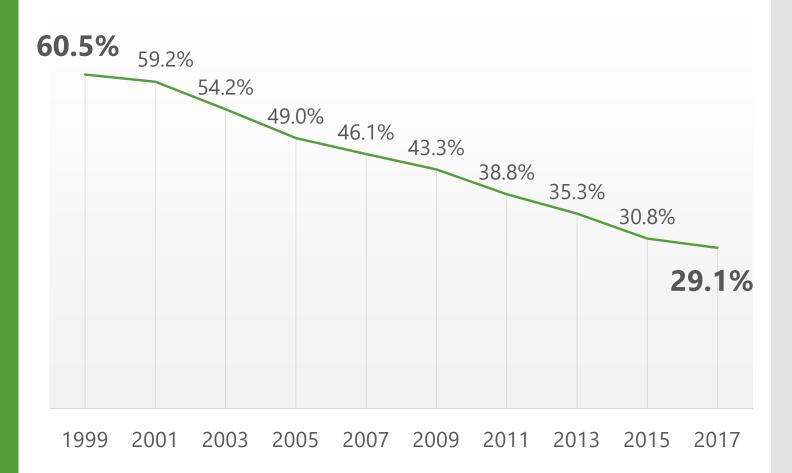
attempted suicide one or more times in the past year.

Major depressive episode in the past year, among ND youth age 12-17.

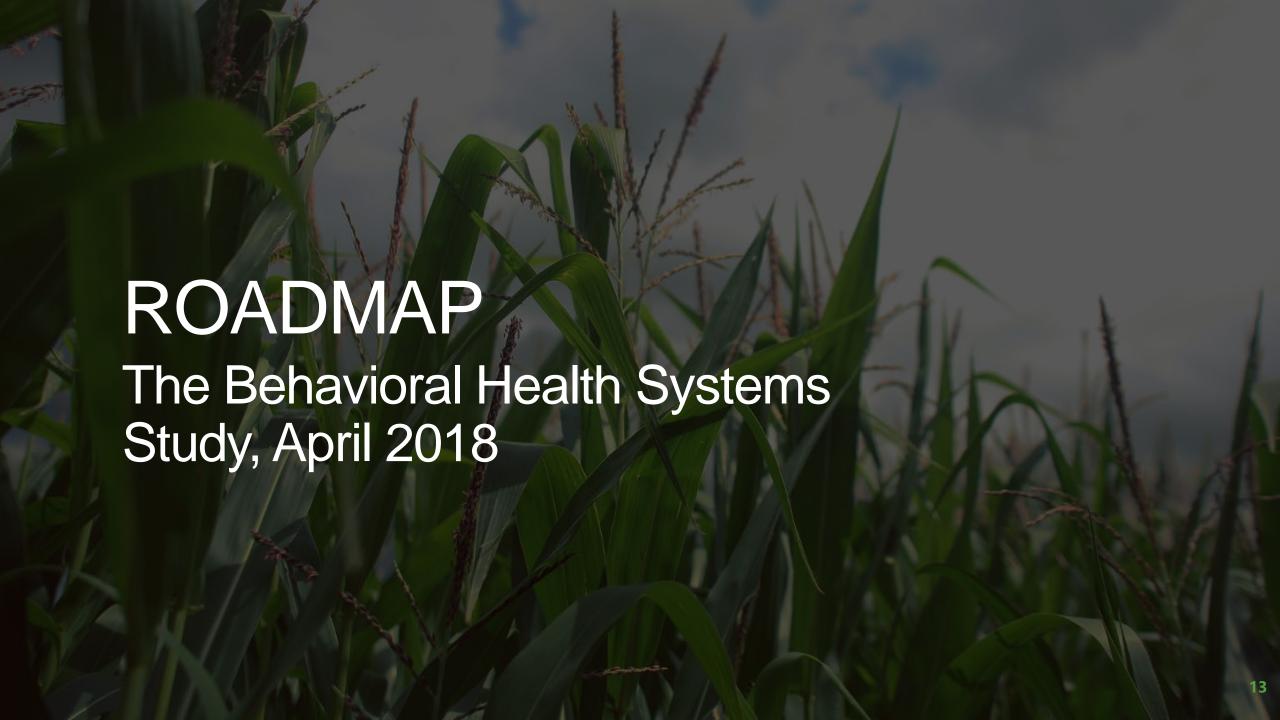


Current Alcohol Use (past 30 days) among North Dakota High School Students

Youth Risk Behavior Survey







North Dakota Behavioral Health System Study April 2018

"A well-functioning behavioral health system attends not only to the intensive needs of children, youth, and adults with serious mental health conditions and substance use disorders but also to the outpatient and community-based service and support needs of individuals, and, critically, to the social and emotional well-being of the majority of the population who have not been diagnosed with a behavioral health condition—especially children, youth, and young adults."

North Dakota Behavioral Health System Study

BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SYSTEM STUDY TIMELINE

Behavioral Health Division in contract with HSRI to conduct an in-depth review of North Dakota's behavioral health system.

Final report released April 2018

1/1/2017 TO 6/30/2018 Behavioral Health Division in contract with HSRI to initiate and facilitate the implementation of a strategic plan based off the recommendations from the comprehensive study of ND's behavioral health system published April 2018.

8/1/2018 TO 6/30/2019



APRIL 2018 BEHAVIORAL HEATLH SYSTEM STUDY

Served as a component of interim legislative committee studies during the 65th Legislative Interim

This report presents the findings from the North Dakota Comprehensive Behavioral Health Systems Analysis, conducted by the Human Services Research Institute (HSRI) for the North Dakota Department of Human Services' Behavioral Health Division.

The 250-page report provides more than 65 recommendations in 13 categories. This set of recommendations is intentionally broad and far-reaching; it is not expected, nor suggested, that stakeholders in North Dakota endeavor to implement all these recommendations at once.

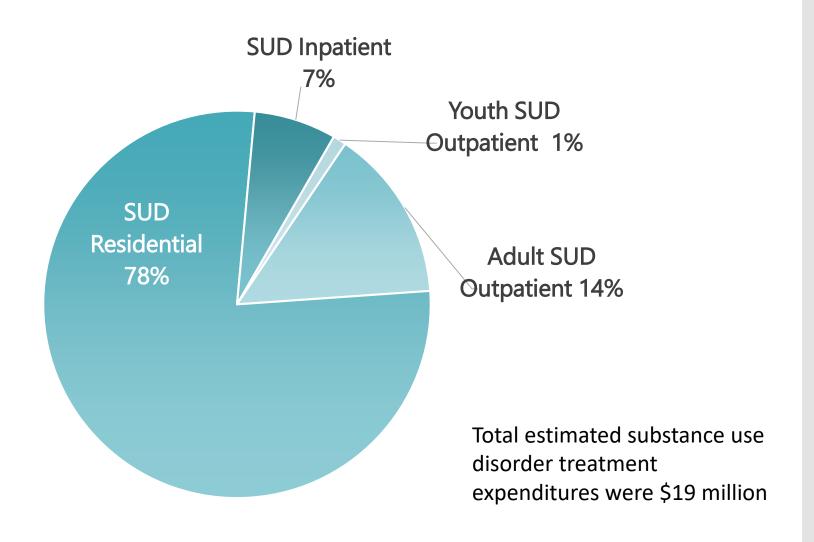
- 1. Develop a comprehensive implementation plan
- 2. Invest in prevention and early intervention
- 3. Ensure all North Dakotans have timely access to behavioral health services
- 4. Expand outpatient and community-based service array
- 5. Enhance and streamline system of care for children and youth
- Continue to implement/refine criminal justice strategy
- . Engage in targeted efforts to recruit/retain competent behavioral health workforce
- 8. Expand the use of tele-behavioral health
- Ensure the system reflects its values of person-centeredness, cultural competence, trauma-informed approaches
- 10. Encourage and support the efforts of communities to promote high-quality services
- 11. Partner with tribal nations to increase health equity
- 12. Diversify and enhance funding for behavioral health
- 13. Conduct ongoing, system-side data-driven monitoring of needs and access

North Dakota Behavioral Health System Study RECOMMENDATIONS

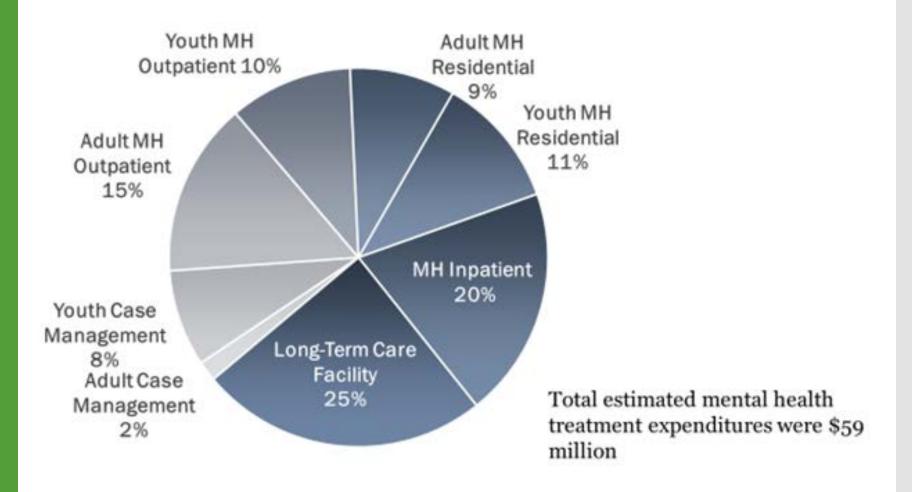
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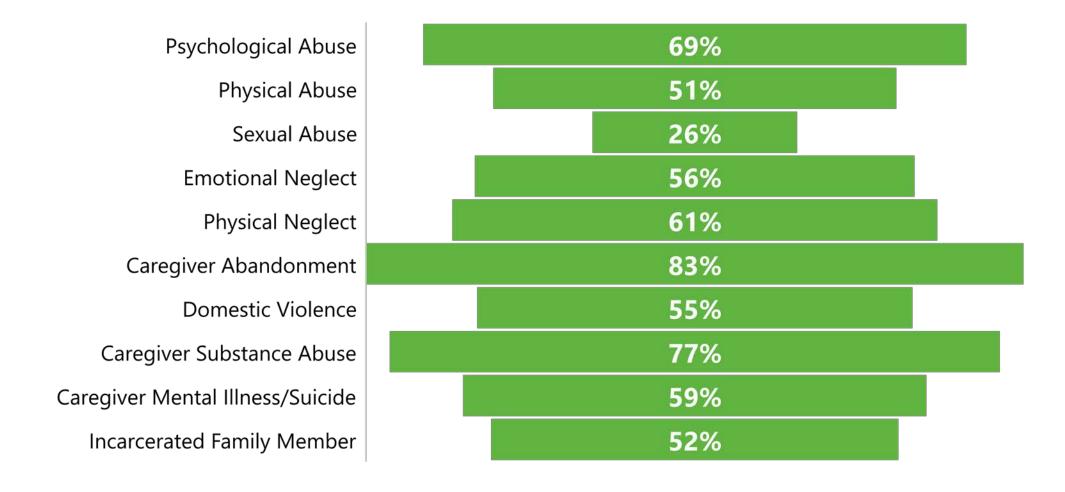
Residential and inpatient expenditures accounted for about 85% of substance use disorder treatment services in FY2017.



Residential, inpatient, and long-term care facility services accounted for a majority of mental health system treatment service expenditures in FY2017.



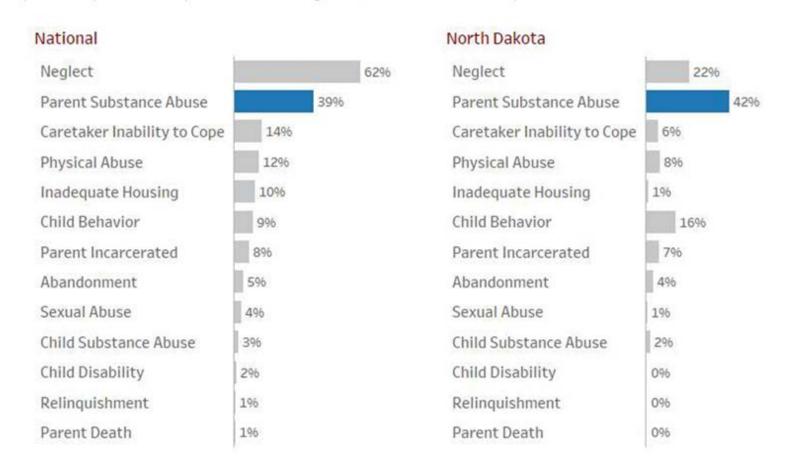
A high proportion of foster care children and youth admitted in 2016 and 2017 had indicated adverse childhood events.



42% of children removed from their home was because of parent substance abuse.

Removal reasons

Percent of children entering care for each removal reason (note: multiple reasons may be selected for a single child, Federal Fiscal Year 2017)



Meet Jessica.



Age 11

Diagnosed with ADHD and history of self injurious behavior.

Behavioral issues in school resulting in several referrals to the school resource officer leading to juvenile court involvement.

A year ago she successfully completed residential treatment.

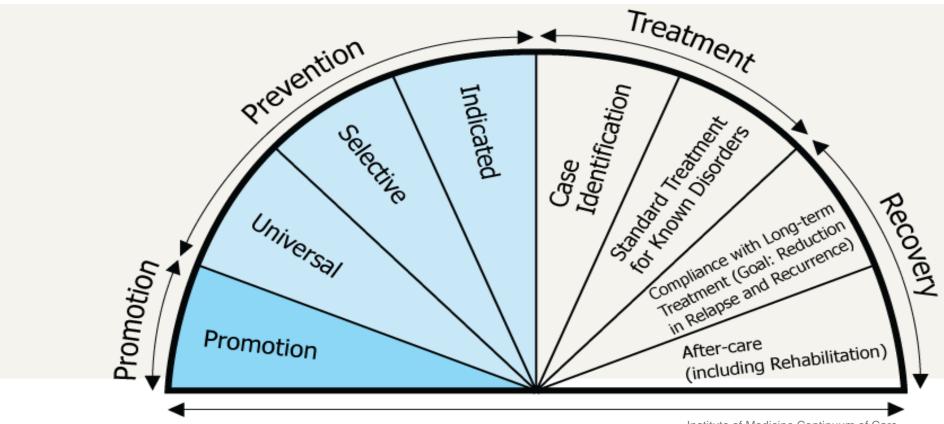
Recent loss of grandmother and suicidal ideation led to an emergency department visit.

The residential program she participated in before will not accept Jessica back because she "maximized benefit" from their program.

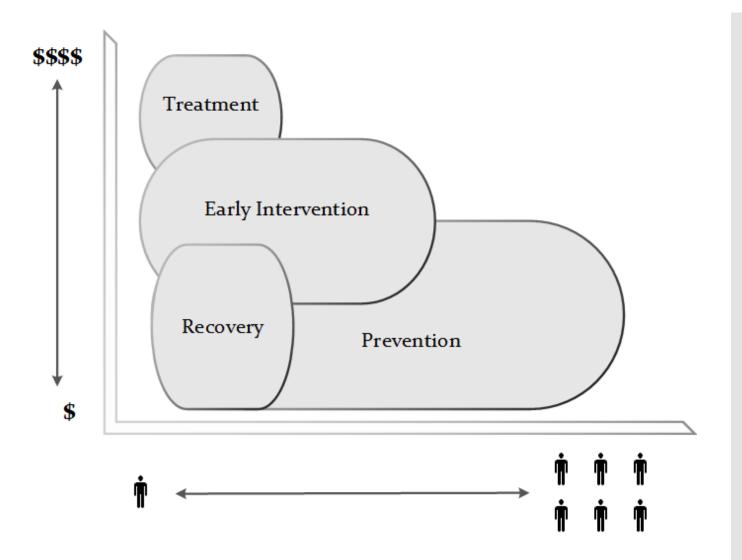
A program out of state will take Jessica but only if she is referred from social services & on ND Medicaid.

Behavioral Health Continuum of Care Model

The goal of this model is to ensure there is access to a full range of high quality services to meet the various needs of North Dakotans.



Return on Investment



Keys to Reforming North Dakota's Behavioral Health System



Support the full Continuum of Care



Increase Community-Based Services



Prevent Criminal
Justice Involvement
for Individuals with
a Behavioral Health
Condition

Meet Carlos.



Age 25

In prison due to probation revocation from a felony contact by bodily fluids offense

He has a severe methamphetamine use disorder and past diagnoses of ADHD, PTSD, and antisocial personality disorder.

Longest full-time employment is 1 year as a laborer

Received a GED from Job Corps

Has 4 children, ranging in age from 1-8 years

Grieving the loss of one of his children, which occurred while he was in prison



The Behavioral Health Division is a policy division, with responsibilities outlined in NDCC 50-06-01.4



Reviewing and identifying service needs and activities in the state's behavioral health system in an effort to:

- · ensure health and safety,
- access to services, and
- quality services.



Establishing quality assurance standards for the licensure of substance use disorder program services and facilities



Providing policy leadership in partnership with public and private entities

The Division identifies goals and administers over 90 initiatives in these four primary areas:





21 initiatives are new since the 2015 session.



The Division saw a 81% increase in the number of contracts from the 2015-2017 biennium to the current (2017-2019 biennium).

COMMUNITY BEHAVIORAL HEALTH PROMOTION



1. Increase implementation of effective prevention statewide^{2/3/10}



2. Decrease underage drinking²



3. Decrease adult binge drinking and related consequences²



4. Decrease opioid misuse and overdose²



Develop early intervention capacity^{2/3}

Community and Tribal Efforts

Training and Technical Assistance
(Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant)

Youth Tobacco Enforcement (Synar)

Early Intervention (MIP/DUI)

Parents Lead

Statewide Campaigns (Stop Overdose, Lock. Monitor. Take Back, Speak Volumes)

CHILDREN'S BEHAVIORAL HEALTH



 Increase capacity for community-based services^{3/4/8/10}



2. Improve family-driven services and supports⁵



3. Develop early intervention capacity^{2/3}



4. Improve access to quality services¹⁰



5. Partner with schools to support children's behavioral health across the continuum⁵



6. Develop diversion capacity and support individuals in juvenile justice⁶

Adolescent Residential Treatment (Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant)

Regulation of Youth Residential Psychiatric Facilities (PRTF)

Prevention of Out-of-Home Placement for Children (Voluntary Treatment Program [VTP])

Behavioral Health and Education (Children's Prevention and Early Intervention School Behavioral Health Pilot)

Children with Serious Emotional Disturbance Programs (Mental Health Block Grant)

Systems for Individuals with a First Episode of Psychosis (Mental Health Block Grant)

ADDICTION PROGRAM AND POLICY





2. Develop and enhance recovery support services⁴



3. Develop early intervention capacity^{2/3}



4. Stop shame and stigma surrounding addiction¹⁰



5. Develop diversion capacity and support individuals with substance use disorder in the justice system⁶

Peer Support

Free Through Recovery

Military and Behavioral Health

Pregnant and Parenting Women Treatment Programming (Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant)

Tribal Treatment and Recovery Supports (Substance Abuse Prevention and Treatment Block Grant)

Medication Assisted Treatment (Opioid Treatment Programs)

Withdrawal Management

Recovery Supports

Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Voucher Payment System

Regulation of Substance Use Disorder Treatment Facilities

MENTAL HEALTH PROGRAM AND POLICY











5. Develop diversion capacity and support individuals with mental illness in the justice system⁶

Adult Mental Health Programs (Mental Health Block Grant)

Peer Support

Free Through Recovery

Military and Behavioral Health

Mental Illness and Homelessness (PATH Grant)

Brain Injury Programs

Problem Gambling Programs

Disaster Crisis Counseling



Behavioral Health Matrix

1/16/2019

2019 Legislative Session - Behavioral Health Bills

Behavioral Health	SB 2012			Governor's Executive Budget			L	Bills	J I		
Continuum	Description	FTE	Funding	Description	FTE	Funding	Bill No.	Description	FTE	Funding	HSRI Recommendations
Undetermined							SB 2026	MH voucher			3, 4, 12
Prevention							SB 2028	Behavioral health prevention and early intervention services		\$600,000 general fund	2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13
Recovery	Free Through Recovery	7	\$7,000,000 other funds (DOCR)	Community behavioral health program expansion (FTR)	6	\$4,500,000 general fund	SB 2029	Community behavioral health program expansion (FTR)	6	\$5,250,000 general fund; \$1,750,000 other funds	3, 4, 6, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Full Continuum	Workforce Development	0	\$0	Continued implementation of the HSRI study		\$300,000 general fund	58 2030	Continued implementation of the HSRI study	1.5	\$408,000 general fund	1, 13
Recovery				Peer support certification	1	\$275,000 general fund	SB 2032	Peer support certification	1	\$275,000 general fund; \$275,000 other funds	3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Treatment Recovery	Targeted case management	0	\$0	Targeted case management (all providers)		\$12,196,834 general fund; \$12,196,834 other funds	SB 2031	Targeted case management (all providers)	1	\$12,196,834 general fund; \$12,196,834 other funds	3, 4, 5, 10, 11, 12, 13
Recovery				Access Medicaid funding for peer support services	0.5	\$432,287 general fund					3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Prevention Early Intervention	School behavioral health program	0	\$0	School behavioral health program		\$300,000 general fund; \$563,906 other funds					2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 13
Recovery				1915i Medicaid plan amendment	3	\$2,553,475 general fund; \$3,844,919 other funds					3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Treatment Recovery	Substance Use Disorder (SUD) voucher program BASE		\$3,314,295 general fund; \$1,779,159 other funds (tobacco)	Substance Use Disorder (SUD) voucher program funding expansion	2	\$3,053,523 general fund	HB 1105	Relating to treatment services for children with serious emotional disorders and the substance use disorder treatment voucher system.			3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
necovery							SB 2175	Relating to the substance use disorder treatment voucher system.			
Prevention	Parents Lead BASE		\$100,000 general fund	Restore Parents Lead program		\$100,000 general fund					2, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Recovery				Recovery home grant program		\$200,000 general fund					3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Prevention Early Intervention	Suicide program	1	\$1,260,512 general fund Department of Health Budget	Suicide program	1	\$1,260,512 general fund	S8 2198	Relating to duties of the department of human services behavioral health division.	0	0	2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 13
Treatment				Expand crisis services capacity across regions to meet statutory requirements	27	\$4,275,000					3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13
Treatment	Maintain funding for behavioral health-related FTE positions at the regional HSCs	7	\$1,120,973	Maintain funding for behavioral health-related FTE positions at the regional HSCs	7	\$1,120,973					3, 4, 9, 10, 12, 13
Treatment							HB 1100	Relating to fees charged by the behavioral health division			
Treatment							HB 1103	Relating to licensure of an opioid treatment medication unit and fees			3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 13
		_					HB 1237	Relating to child sexual abuse education in schools.			5
		_					SB 2052	Relating to school district safety plans;			5
Early Intervention							58 2114	Relating to the penalty for individuals under twenty-one years of age using alcoholic beverages or entering licensed premises; and to provide a penalty			2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 9, 10, 11
Prevention Early Intervention							SB 2149	Relating to mandatory instruction for students in mental health awareness and suicide prevention			2, 5
							SB 2240	Relating to references to substance abuse disorders.			9
							SB 2266	Relating to the adoption of a restraint and seclusion policy by school districts, the prohibition of seclusion			5
Treatment							58 2291	Relating to creation of a trauma-informed practices working group			3, 4, 5, 7, 9
Recovery							S8 2298	A BILL for an Act to provide an appropriation to the department of human services to implement the 1915i Medicaid state plan amendment for youth.			3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13

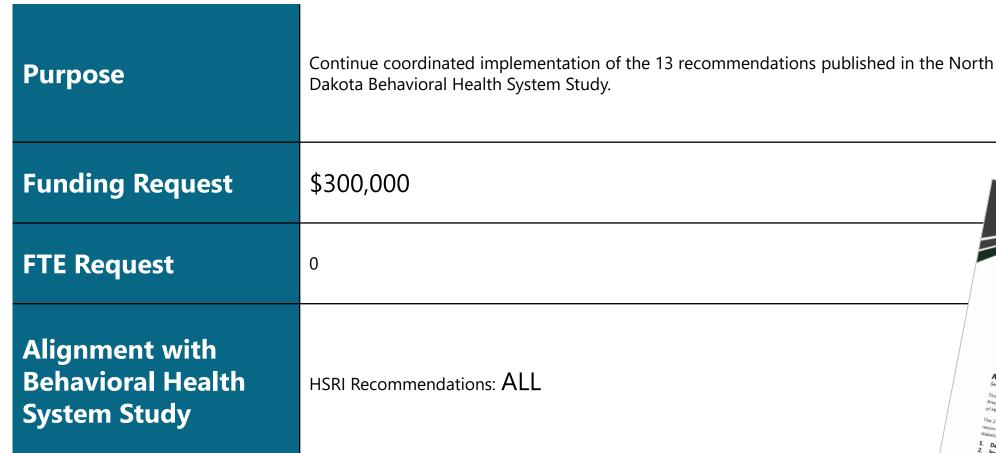
DHS Base Budget

OARs

Interim-Committee Bills

Other Bills

Sustain Human Services Research Institute Behavioral Health Study implementation support



North Dakota Behavioral Health System Study APRIL 2018 BEHAVIORAL HEATLH SYSTEM STUDY 34

Restore funding for Parents Lead prevention program

Purpose	Ensure access to adequate prevention and early intervention services along the continuous of care.	uum
Funding Request	\$100,000 (in addition to the \$100,000 in in SB 2012)	PA
FTE Request	0	ABOU
Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study	HSRI Recommendations: 2, 3, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13	Research contains and attachment and attachment and attachment as key factor in prositive outcoments and calculate anxiety, and suice anxiety, and suice anxiety, and suice anxiety, and suice anxiety and calculate and calculate anxiety



Sustain Behavioral Health Prevention and Early Intervention in Schools

Purpose	Continue support for the school system selected during the 2017-2019 biennium as well as expand to a second department-selected school.
Funding Request	\$300,000
FTE Request	
Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study	HSRI Recommendations: 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, and 13

Meet the current need for access to Substance Use Disorder (SUD) Voucher services and supports

Purpose recovery services.	need of treatment and
Funding Request \$3,053,523 (in addition to approximate \$5 million in SB 2012)	BEHA HEA

FTE Request

2

Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study

HSRI Recommendations: 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, and 13



Expand access to the Free Through Recovery program

Purpose	Develop a "Free Through Recovery" Program for individuals outside of the criminal justice system with a behavioral health condition who display concerns/challenges in areas of daily living.		
Funding Request	\$4,500,000		
FTE Request	6		
Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study	HSRI Recommendations: 3, 4, 6, 9, 10, 11,12, and 13		



Develop a behavioral health recovery home grant program

Purpose	Develop a Recovery Home Grant Program to address significant gaps in access to recovery housing. In many regions of the state, there are no recovery homes. In the regions where recovery homes are present, they are not currently meeting the need and often do not provide service to those most in need. This strategy addresses housing needs alongside behavioral health needs – funding to assist in the development of these recovery housing opportunities.			
Funding Request	\$200,000			
FTE Request	0			
Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study	HSRI Recommendations: 4, 6, 9, 10, 11,12, and 13			

Develop a behavioral health recovery home grant program

- Recovery Housing benefits individuals in recovery by reinforcing a substance-free lifestyle and providing direct connections to other peers in recovery and recovery services and supports.
- Residents often share resources, give experiential advice about how to access health care and social services, find employment, budget and manage finances, handle legal problems and build life skills. Many recovery homes are organized under the leadership of house manager and require residents to participate in a recovery program.
- Recovery housing is a part of the larger continuum of housing, recovery support and treatment options available to individuals in recovery from addiction and helps them avoid addiction setbacks and move toward employment and healthy and fulfilling lives.
- The lack of recovery housing has also had an impact on the state's capacity to provide residential treatment services to individuals needing high level services like withdrawal management. These much vital beds (resources) are often not available when needed because individuals needing recovery home services are utilizing a higher level of care.

Enable access to peer support by certifying peer support specialists

Purpose	Develop and implement a peer support specialist certification process in order for the service to be reimbursable through public and third-party insurers.
Funding Request	\$275,000
FTE Request	1
Alignment with	Compared to the compared to th

HSRI Recommendations: 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13

Behavioral Health

System Study

NORTH DAKOTA EFFORTS

In survival to the process of the process of

Expand access to community-based behavioral health supports through Medicaid-funded Peer Support

Purpose	Provide funding for North Dakota Medicaid coverage for peer support for Medicaid-eligible individuals with substance use disorders (SUD), serious mental illness (SMI) and/or traumatic brain injury (TBI).
Funding Request	\$996,193
FTE Request	0.5
Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study	HSRI Recommendations: 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13

Expand access to community-based behavioral health supports through 1915i Medicaid State Plan Amendment

Purpose	Expand access to community-based recovery supports for Medicaid enrollees age 18 and older who have a behavioral health condition and/or brain injury and currently are experiencing one or more of the following needs-based criteria: housing instability, intensive service utilization such as frequent emergency room (ER) visits, and/or criminal justice involvement.			
Funding Request	\$2,553,475 general fund; \$3,844,919 other funds			
FTE Request	3			
Alignment with Behavioral Health System Study	HSRI Recommendations: 3, 4, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13			

Expand access to community-based behavioral health supports through 1915i Medicaid State Plan Amendment

For persons who qualify, services proposed under this 1915i Medicaid State Plan amendment include supports for housing, employment, education, transitions out of homelessness or institutional living, and peer support.

- Housing supports include tenancy support services to help individuals access and maintain stable housing in the
 community; employment supports include individualized services to assist individuals to obtain and keep competitive
 employment at or above the minimum wage.
- **Educational supports** assist persons who want to continue their education or formal training with a goal of achieving skills necessary to obtain employment.
- **Transition supports** include coverage for goods and services specified in an individual's person-centered plan to address barriers to recovery and to support community integration and may include: security deposits, furniture and transportation.
- **Peer supports** include services delivered by trained and certified individuals who have experience as recipients of behavioral health services and share personal, practical experience, knowledge and first-hand insight to benefit service users.

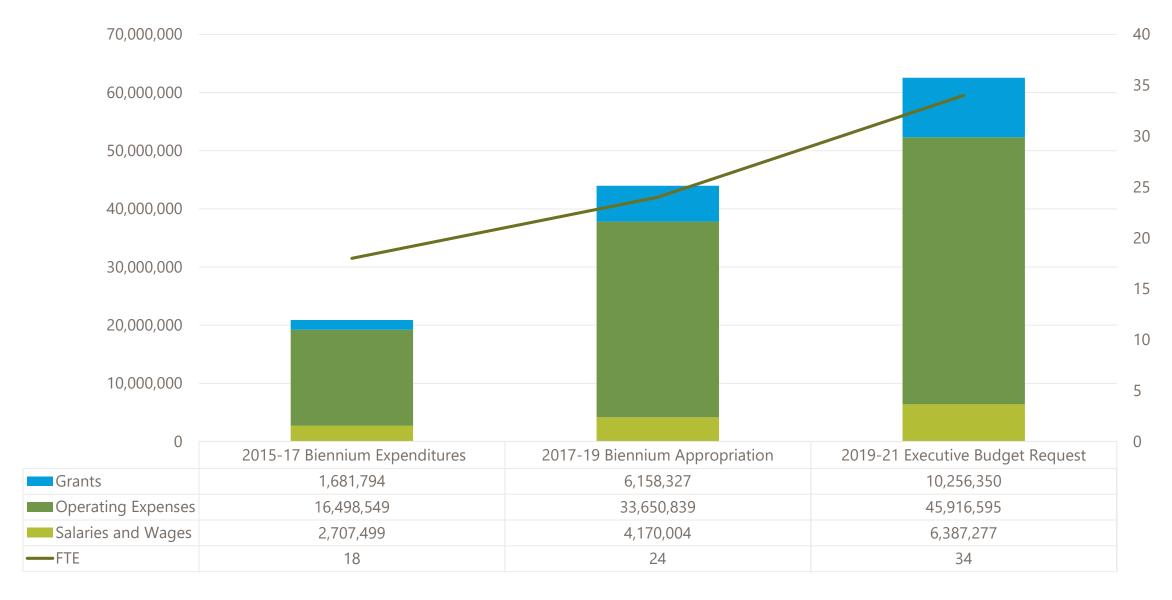
Funding these community-based services and supports through Medicaid has the advantage of leveraging existing payor infrastructure while securing over 50% federal match for services.



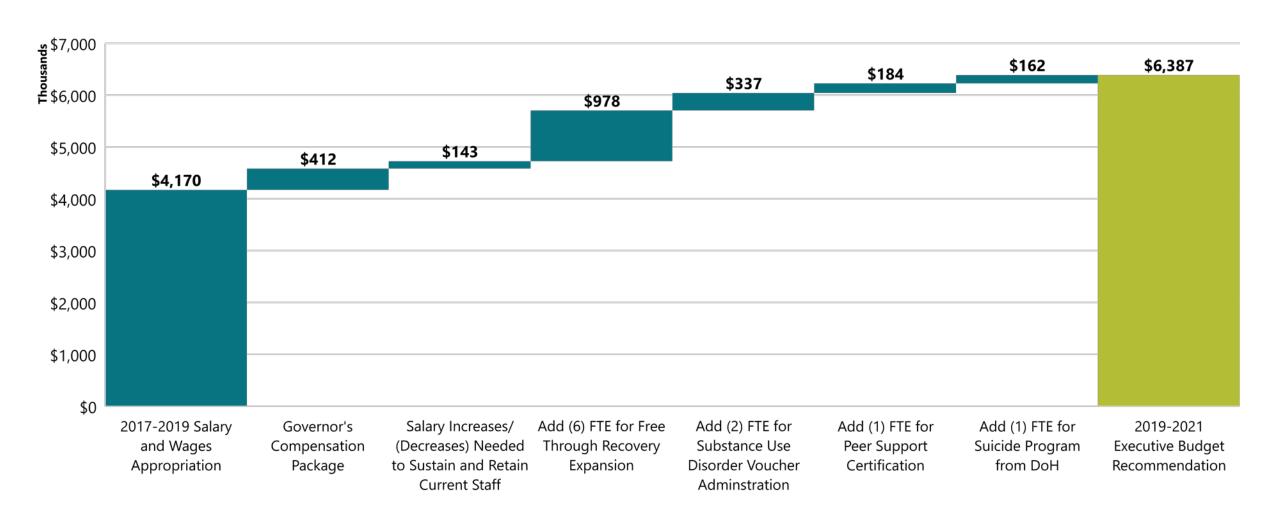
OVERVIEW OF BUDGET CHANGES

Description	2017-2019 Budget	Increase/ (Decrease)	2019-2021 Executive Budget
Salary and Wages	4,170,004	2,217,273	6,387,277
Operating	33,650,839	12,265,756	45,916,595
Grants	6,158,327	4,098,023	10,256,350
Total	43,979,170	18,581,052	62,560,222
General Fund	8,125,381	12,251,199	20,376,580
Federal Funds	26,366,830	8,115,958	34,482,788
Other Funds	9,486,959	(1,786,105)	7,700,854
Total	43,979,170	18,581,052	62,560,222
Full Time Equivalent (FTE)	24.00	10.00	34.00

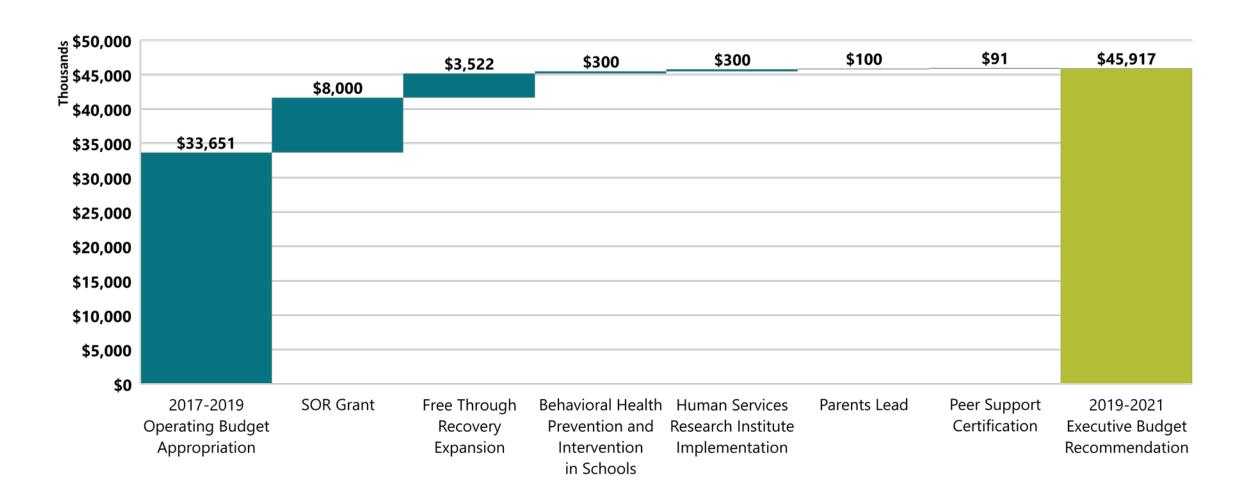
OVERVIEW OF BUDGET CHANGES



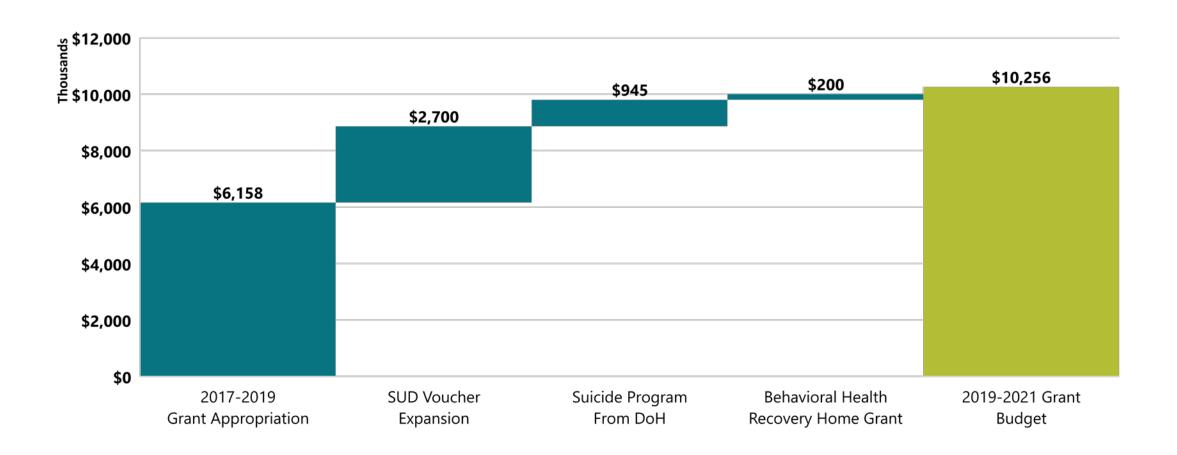
MAJOR SALARY AND WAGES DIFFERENCES



MAJOR OPERATING DIFFERENCES



MAJOR GRANT DIFFERENCES



OVERVIEW OF FUNDING SOURCES

